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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/731,299	12/08/2003	Srikanth Karimisetty	021756-005200US	3624		
51206 TOWNSEND	7590 06/05/200 AND TOWNSEND AN	EXAM	EXAMINER			
TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER			PATEL, 1	PATEL, NIRAV B		
8TH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
			2435			
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			06/05/2009	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## **Advisory Action** Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/731,299	KARIMISETTY ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
NIRAV PATEL	2435		

	NIRAV PATEL	2435	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 18 May 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPL	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:     The period for reply expires	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi ral (with appeal fee) in compliance FR 1.114. The reply must be filed	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ac no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (t	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07( Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the st set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1: ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	te extension fee e action; or (2) as
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with ADENING APPEAL OF THE PROPERTY OF T	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS  (a) ☑ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b  (a) ☑ They raise new issues that would require further con  (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below  (c) ☐ They are not deemed to piace the application in bett	sideration and/or search (see NOT v);	E below);	
appeal; and/or  (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c  NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).			
<ul> <li>The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12</li> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allenon-allowable claim(s).</li> </ul>			
7. \( \subseteq \text{ for purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s); a) \( \text{ for purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s); a) \( \text{ for will be} \) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: \( \text{ for each of the claim(s)} \) in the claim(s) becaled to: \( \text{ None.} \) Claim(s) rejected to: \( \text{ None.} \) Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \( \text{ None.} \)		be entered and an ex	planation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE  8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary.  1. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed affidavit or other evidence failed to or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the date of filing a entered product of the filed after the filed after the filed after the date of the filed after the fil	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	to provide a
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</li> </ol>	of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attache	ed.
11.  The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.		condition for allowand	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (I 3. Other:	P10/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Kimyen Vu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2435			

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The amended independent claim 1, 25, would raise new issue that would require further consideration and/or thorough search.

The amended claims 1, 25 are not entered. If the amendment is entered, the cited prior art teaches the claim limitation. See response

Continuation of 11 does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 05/18/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding to applicant's argument to claim 25. Examiner disagrees, since Janis's invention relates to data processing system to improve the method of maintaining multiple resources objects within the data processing system and to generate document history log exception reports in the data processing system. The data processing system manages the multiple resource objects by one or more resource managers, which are accessible by a plurality of users within the data processing system. A history log is created and associated with a selected resource object. Thereafter, the occurrence of each event or action relating to the selected resource object is recorded within the history log. As shown in Fig. 1, one or more storage devices 14, stores the documents or resource objects which may be periodically access by any user within the data processing system. A user in the distributed data processing system can access and/or modify a document or resource object. Therefore, activities of any or all of the users within the distributed data processing system with respect to a particular document or resource object are recorded. As shown in Fig. 3, the user requests the document history log for a selected resource object for the occurrence of the activities or events, and specifies the recipient for receiving the exception report, in the event of the current resource manager cannot support a document history log. The logging of that event within the document history log is created as shown in Fig. 2. If the sufficient memory space does not exists within the document history log to permit the recordation of a subsequent activity or event, then the exception report is generated and transmitted to the recipient. In the event, sufficient memory space exists within the document history log to permit the recordation of a subsequent activity or event then the process records the subsequent activity or event. Therefore, Janis teaches the claim limitation, "receiving information defining one or more events...... each event .....indicative of a set of one ore more operation to be performed to accomplish a task ...., generating an electronic record in response to an occurrence of a predetermined event.......". In this case, the combination of Janis, Nishizawa, Spitz and Alley teaches the claim subject matter. The examiner recognizes that obviousness can also be established by combining or modifying the teaching of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to on of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F. 2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ 2nd 1941 (Fed. Cir 1992). In KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex, Inc., 127 S. Ct. 1727, 1739 (2007), the Supreme Court emphasized "the need for caution in granting a patent based on the combination of elements found in the prior art," and discussed circumstances in which a patent might be determined to be obvious without an explicit application of the teaching, suggestion, motivation test

In particular, the Supreme Court emphasized that "the principles laid down in Graham reaffirmed the "functional approach" of Hotchkiss, 11 How 248. "KSR, 127 S. Ct. at 1739 (citing Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. at 12 (emphasis added), and reaffirmed principles based on its precedent that "[tihe combination of familiar elements according to known methods is likely to be obvious when it does no more than vield predictable results."

Based on the reason above the cited prior art teaches the claim limitation, however, if the applicant believes that the pending claims are distinct from the cited prior art, the applicant needs to further modify the claim limitation/language to clarify the claim subject matter for further consideration and distinction from the prior art.